



Mhàs

Refraction- definition

▶ Refraction is the reduction in speed and wavelength as a wave moves into a more optically dense material. This often involves a change of direction. (frequency stays the same)

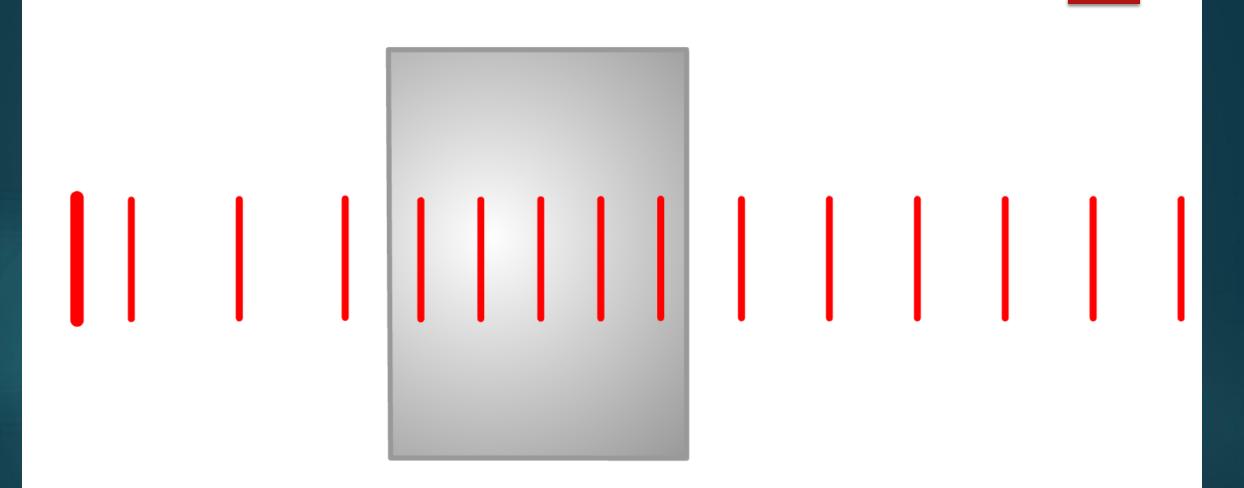
Refraction is the **increase** in speed and wavelength as a wave moves into a less optically dense material. This often involves a change of direction. (frequency stays the same)

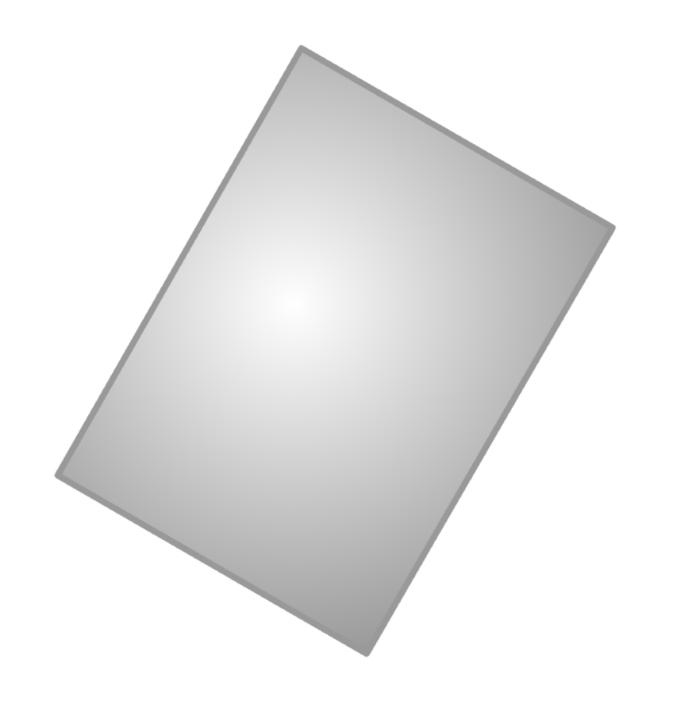
IMPORTANT NOTE

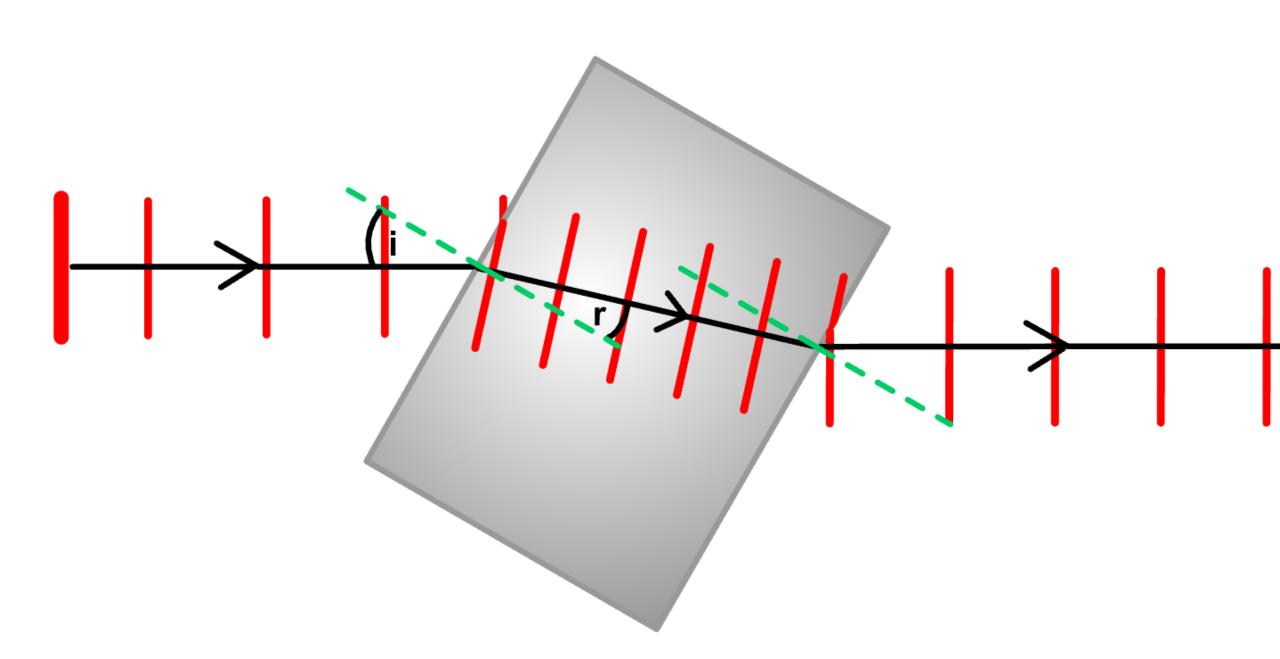
- ► Never use the term bending with the term refraction. ×
- Please note bending does not occur with refraction, but there is often a change in direction of the wave

Bending

changing direction







Virtual Int 2 Physics

Refraction

Example problem

Optical fibre

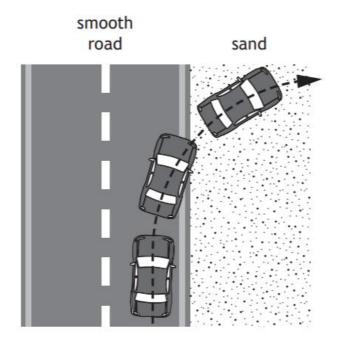
Critical angle and total internal reflection



REMEMBER

- All angles are measured from the normal.
- The angle of incidence is the angle in the air.

11. The use of analogies from everyday life can help better understanding of physics concepts. A car moving from a smooth surface to a rough surface, eg from a road to sand, can be used as an analogy for the refraction of light.



Use your knowledge of physics to comment on this analogy.

Try this OEQ

Jot down a few bullet points before you start.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zarxpu43-ls

Quite a good video but he wrongly says refract and bend in the same sentence, instant trouble at N5!

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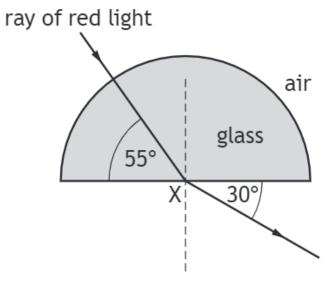
	2014		2015		2016		2017		SPQ		2018		2019	
	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2	P1	P2
Refraction of light		4b		5a-c	11	6	12		21			11c	20	11

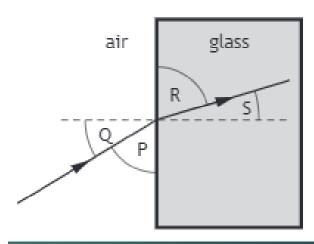
Past paper questions

PPQ- state the angle of incidence and angle of refraction

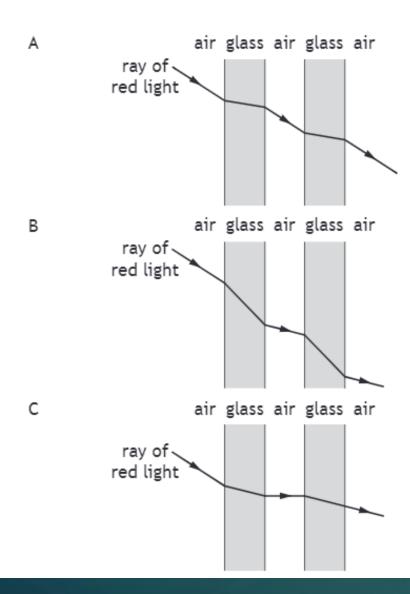
The diagram shows the path of a ray of red light as it passes from air into a glass block.

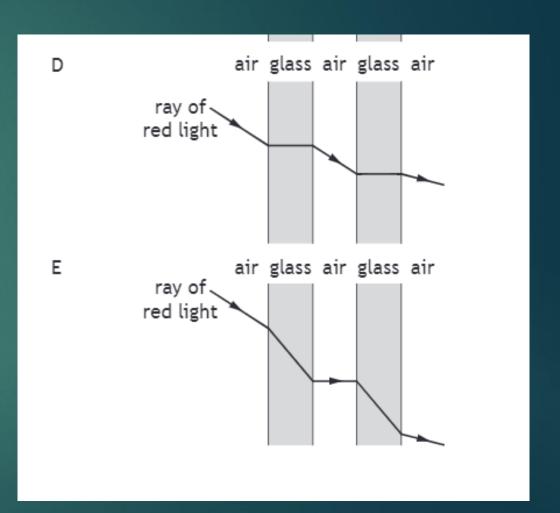
A ray of red light passes through a glass block as shown.



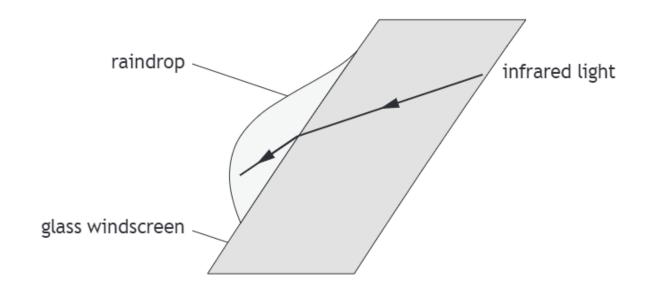


11. A ray of red light passes through a double glazed window.
Which diagram shows the path of the ray as it passes through the window?





(c) Some of the infrared light is refracted when travelling from the glass windscreen into a raindrop.



- (i) On the diagram, draw and label:
 - (A) a normal;

1

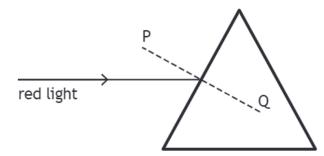
(B) an angle of incidence i and an angle of refraction r.

(An additional diagram, if required, can be found on page 44.)

(ii) State whether the wavelength of the infrared light in the raindrop is less than, equal to or greater than the wavelength of the infrared light in the glass.

You must justify your answer.

(a) The student directs a ray of red light at a triangular glass block as shown.



- (i) Complete the diagram above to show the path of the ray of red light through and out of the glass block.
 - (An additional diagram, if required, can be found on page 39)
- (ii) The diagram shows a dashed line PQ. State the name given to this line.

- (iii) On the diagram above, label an angle of incidence *i*.
- (b) The student replaces the triangular glass block with a rectangular block made of the same material. The path of the ray of red light is as shown.



State whether the wavelength of the red light in this block is less than, the same as, or greater than the wavelength of the red light in the triangular glass block in (a).

Justify your answer.